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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/003,895	10/25/2001	Kurt G. Ripperger	6016.102US	7648	
. 75	90 01/14/2005	5		EXAMINER	
Lawrence R. Oremland			BURGESS, BARBARA N		
Lawrence R. Or	emland, P.C.				
Suite C-214	·		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
5055 East Broadway Boulevard			2157		
Tucson, AZ 8	571Î				

DATE MAILED: 01/14/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	_		
Office Action Summary		10/003,895	RIPPERGER, KURT G.			
		Examiner	Art Unit	_		
		Barbara N Burgess	2157			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply		th the correspondence address			
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REIMAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. In period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a poperiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state that the control of the contr	N. 1.1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of third iod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON atute, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25	5 October 2001.				
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ T	his action is non-final.				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-10 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	Irawn from consideration.				
Applicat	ion Papers					
10)	The specification is objected to by the Exam The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corrupt the oath or declaration is objected to by the	accepted or b) objected to the drawing(s) be held in abeyan rection is required if the drawing	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
a)l	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure See the attached detailed Office action for a least	ents have been received. ents have been received in A riority documents have been eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage			
Attachmen	t(s) te of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) ☐ Interview S	ummary (PTO-413)			
2) Notice No	te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/ rr No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

2. Claims 1, 4-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Zeineh (US 2004/0008894 A1).

As per claim 1, Zeineh discloses a system for transmitting an image file to an end user system, comprising:

- Compression software for compressing the image file into different file formats, and test software configured to test the downloading speed capabilities of the end user system on line and in real time as the system prepares to transmit the compressed file (paragraphs [0008, 0017, 0030, 0043-0045, 0050]);
- System configured to send the compressed file in one file format if the downloading speed of the end user system is slower than a predetermined minimum level and to send the compressed file in another file format if the downloading speed of the end user system is faster than the predetermined minimum level (paragraphs [0006, 0033, 0038, 0042, 0050, 0056-0057, 0059, 0068, 0070]).

As per claim 4, Zeineh discloses a system for transmitting an image file to an end user system, comprising:

- A test device configured to test the downloading speed of the end user system on line and in real time as the system prepares to transmit the image file (paragraphs [0008, 0017, 0030, 0043-0045, 0050]);
- System configured to send the image file in one format if the downloading speed of
 the end user system is at or slower than a predetermined speed and in another
 format if the downloading speed of the end user system is faster than the
 predetermined speed (paragraphs [0006, 0033, 0038, 0042, 0050, 0056-0057, 0059,
 0068, 0070]).

As per claim 5, Zeineh discloses a system for transmitting an image tile on line to an end user system, comprising:

- A test device configured to test the downloading speed of the end user system on line and in real time as the system prepares to transmit the image file (paragraphs [0008, 0017, 0030, 0043-0045, 0050]);
- System configured to send the image file in one size file if the downloading speed of the end user system is at or slower than a predetermined speed and in another size file if the downloading speed of the end user system is faster than the predetermined speed (paragraphs [0006, 0033, 0038, 0042, 0050, 0056-0057, 0059, 0068, 0070]).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 2, 6-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zeineh (US 2004/0008894 A1) in view of Murphy (US 2004/0078825 A1).

As per claim 2, Zeineh discloses a system as defined in claim 1, wherein said system has a default file format if the downloading speed of the end user system is faster than the predetermined level.

Zeineh does not explicitly discloses said system is configured to further test the end user system for one or more predetermined file player modules if the downloading speed of the end user system is faster than the predetermined level, said system being further configured to transmit the compressed file in the default file format if the system determines that the system downloading speed is faster than the predetermined speed but the end user system does not have any of the predetermined file player modules. However, in an analogous art, Murphy discloses the streaming file is a continuously delivered series of packets of digital data, receivable by a remote computer, which if running the appropriate software using appropriate plug-ins or codecs, can decode the stream as video content. The appropriate software running on the receiving computer is dependent on the type of streaming file (paragraphs [0030, 0042]).

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Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to implement or incorporate Murphy's testing the system for a predetermined file player module enabling the end system to decode the stream as video content in order to play it.

As per claim 6, Zeineh discloses a method for transmitting an image file on line to an end user system.

Zeineh does not explicitly discloses the steps of testing the end user system in real time and on line to determine if the end user system can play an image file in a predetermined file format, further testing the downloading speed of the end user system and transmitting the image file in the predetermined format if the on line test determines the end user system has a minimum predetermined downloading speed and can play the image file in the predetermined format, and transmitting the image file in an alternative format if the on line test determines the user system cannot play the image file in the predetermined file format.

However, in an analogous art, Murphy discloses the streaming file is a continuously delivered series of packets of digital data, receivable by a remote computer, which if running the appropriate software using appropriate plug-ins or codecs, can decode the stream as video content. The appropriate software running on the receiving computer is dependent on the type of streaming file (paragraphs [0030, 0042]).

Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to implement or incorporate Murphy's testing the end user system in real time and on line to determine if the end user system can play an image file in a predetermined file format enabling the end system to decode the stream as video content in order to play it.

As per claim 7, Zeineh a method for transmitting an image file on line to an end user system.

Zeineh does not explicitly disclose the steps of testing the end user system in real time and on line to determine if the end user system can play an image file in a predetermined file format, if the on line test determines the end user system can play the image file in the predetermined format, further testing the end user system on line and in real time to determine the downloading speed of the end user system and also if the end user system has one or more selected types of players for the image file, and transmitting the image file in a file format which is compatible with a selected player if the further testing determines the end user system has a minimum downloading speed and the selected player.

However, in an analogous art, Murphy discloses the streaming file is a continuously delivered series of packets of digital data, receivable by a remote computer, which if running the appropriate software using appropriate plug-ins or codecs, can decode the stream as video content. The appropriate software running on the receiving computer is dependent on the type of streaming file (paragraphs [0030, 0042]).

Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to implement or incorporate Murphy's testing the end user system in real time and on line to determine if the end user system can play an image

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file in a predetermined file format enabling the end system to decode the stream as video content in order to play it.

As per claim 8, Zeineh discloses a method for transmitting an image file on line to an end user system.

Zeineh does not explicitly disclose the steps of testing the end user system in real time and on line to determine if the end user system can play an image file in a predetermined file format, if the on line test determines the end user system can play the image file in the predetermined format further testing if the end user system has one or more selected types of players for the image file, and transmitting the image file in a file format and in a file size which compatible with a selected player if the further testing determines the end user system has a minimum downloading speed and the selected player.

However, in an analogous art, Murphy discloses the streaming file is a continuously delivered series of packets of digital data, receivable by a remote computer, which if running the appropriate software using appropriate plug-ins or codecs, can decode the stream as video content. The appropriate software running on the receiving computer is dependent on the type of streaming file (paragraphs [0030, 0042]).

Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to implement or incorporate Murphy's testing the end user system in real time and on line to determine if the end user system can play an image

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file in a predetermined file format enabling the end system to decode the stream as video content in order to play it.

As per claim 9, Zeineh discloses a method as defined in any of claims 6 through 8.

Zeineh does not explicitly disclose wherein said image file comprises a motion picture file. However in an analogous art, Murphy discloses high-resolution video content that is to be used or purchased by the end user may also be made available as downloadable digital files, such as the following types: Digital Video (DV), QuickTime, Audio Video Interlaced (AVI), Motion Picture Engineers Group (MPEG), Wave Audio (WAV), or MP3 (MPEG-3, audio only) (paragraphs [0031, 0039]).

Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to implement or incorporate Murphy's image file comprising a motion picture file in order for the system to execute motion pictures.

As per claim 10, Zeineh discloses a system as defined in any of claims 1 through 5.

Zeineh does not explicitly disclose wherein said image file comprises a motion picture file. However in an analogous art, Murphy discloses high-resolution video content that is to be used or purchased by the end user may also be made available as downloadable digital files, such as the following types: Digital Video (DV), QuickTime,

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Audio Video Interlaced (AVI), Motion Picture Engineers Group (MPEG), Wave Audio (WAV), or MP3 (MPEG-3, audio only) (paragraphs [0031, 0039]).

Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to implement or incorporate Murphy's image file comprising a motion picture file in order for the system to execute motion pictures.

5. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zeineh (US 2004/0008894 A1) in view of McManus et al. (hereinafter "McManus", US 2002/0034721 A1).

As per claim 3, Zeineh discloses a system as defined in claim 1.

Zeineh does not explicitly discloses wherein said test software comprises a test file having a known size, and a software module that starts a timer and downloads the test file on the user system, said software module being configured to determine the end user system speed required to download the test file to determine the downloading speed of the end user system.

However, in an analogous art, McManus discloses the balance of download speed and image quality is tested by experimenting with the compressed image with the goal of producing the acceptable images from the specific content. The acceptability of the resulting image is evaluated. If the image quality or size of the specific content is not acceptable, alternative file formats, compression level, or color depth may be used, and the digital images are again evaluated and compressed accordingly (paragraphs [0012, 0029-0030]).

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Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to implement or incorporate McManus test file in order to ensure that the appropriate speed and image quality is achieved.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Barbara N Burgess whose telephone number is (571) 272-3996. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (8:00am-4:00pm).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ario Etienne can be reached on (571) 272-4001. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Barbara N Burgess Examiner Art Unit 2157

January 7, 2005

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